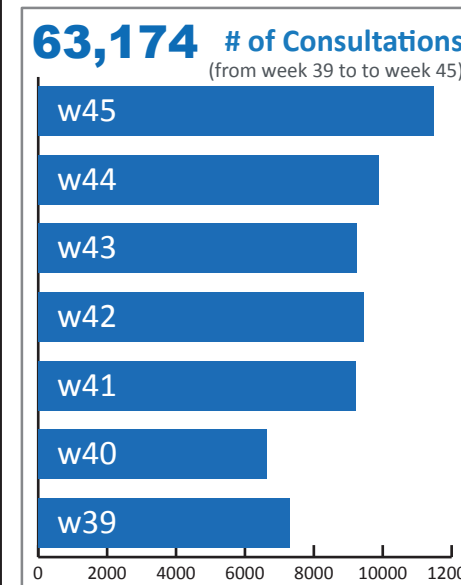
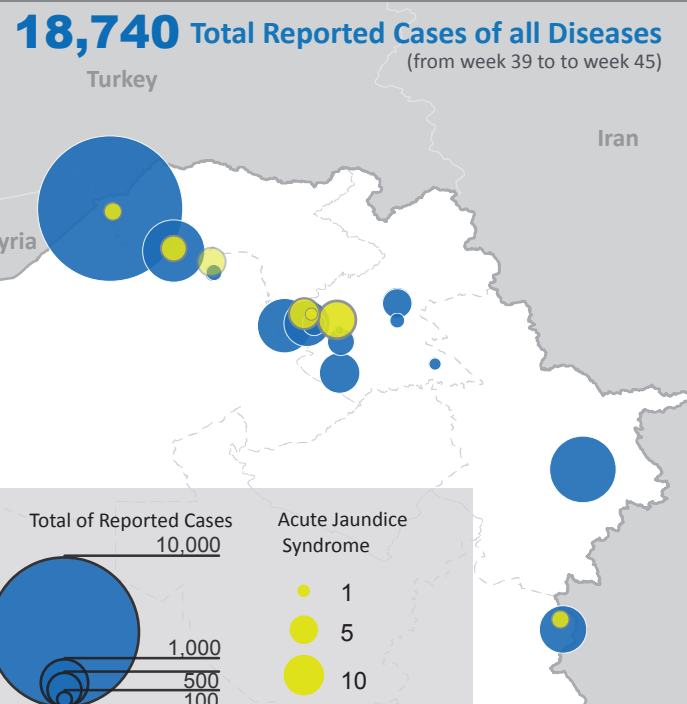
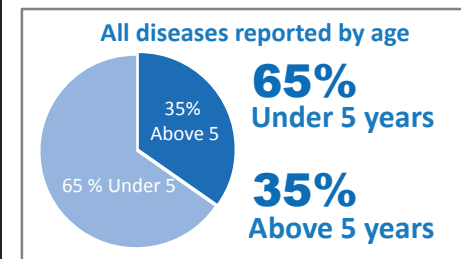
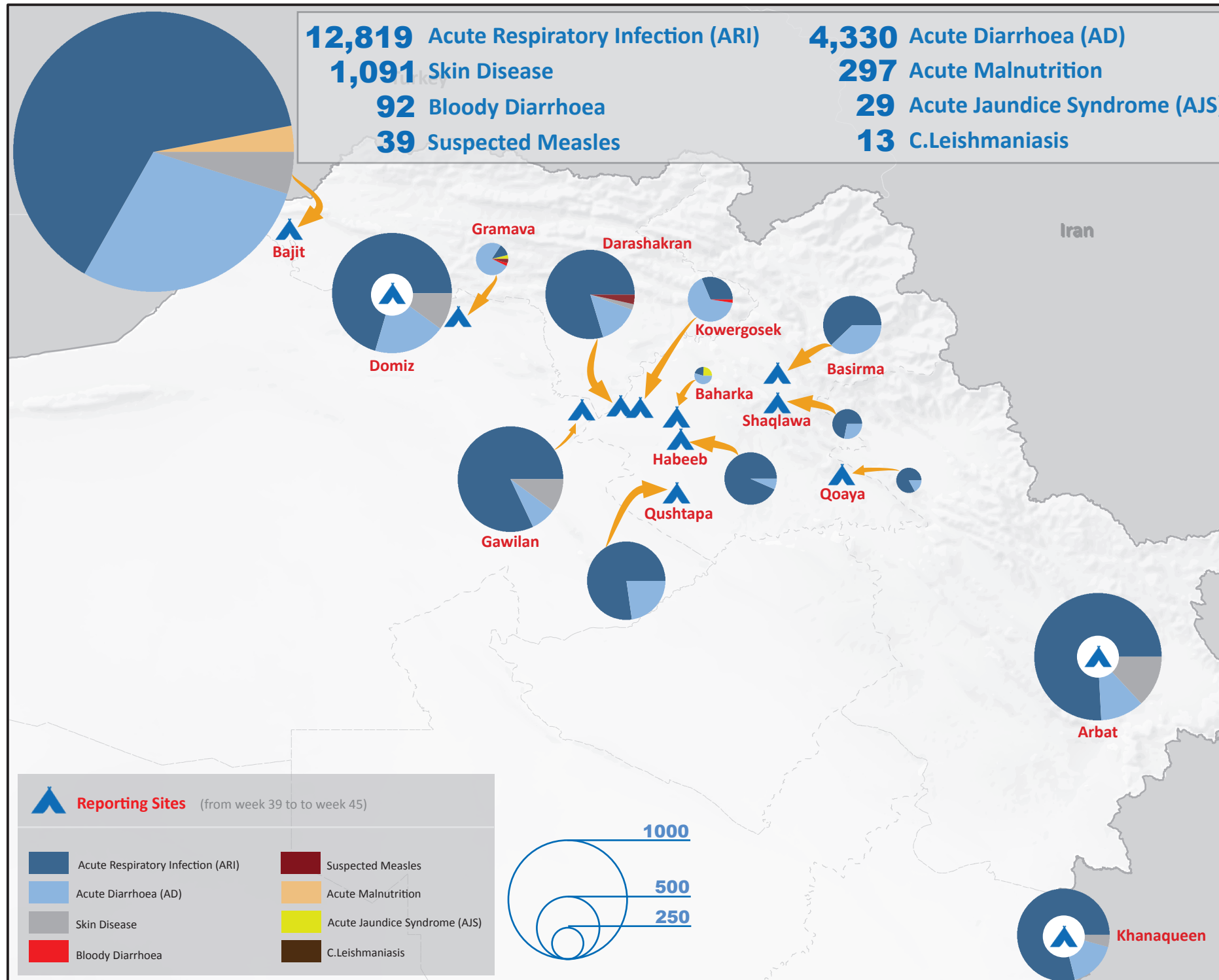


Highlights

- Since week 39, 9 sites in Erbil Governorate, 3 in Dohuk and 3 in Sulaymaniyah a total of 63,174 consultations were reported from 15 reporting sites. 4,330 (7%) were cases of Acute Diarrhoea (AD).
- Of these; 12,819 (20.3%) were Acute Respiratory Tract Infection (ARI) and 4,330 (7%) were cases of Acute Diarrhoea (AD).
- Bajit Kandala camp reported the highest caseload of AD; 2,696 (62.3%) and ARI; 6,667 (47.3%), followed by Domiz 336 (8%) and Arbat 1 and 2 216 (5%) for AD and Arbat 1 and 2 camps 1479 (12%) and Domiz 1,221 (10%) for ARI cases.
- The majority of cases of AD (63%) and ARI (75%) reported in this period were registered among children under five years. The highest numbers of cases of AD (68%) among children under five were recorded from Bajit Kandala while the highest ARI (58%) cases were reported from Arbat 1 and 2.
- With the upcoming winter the numbers of ARI and AD cases are likely to increase posing a public health risks on children and other vulnerable groups. Health partners have stepped up surveillance a head of the winter season. WHO estimates at US \$ 23 it's to requirement to respond to the harsh weather effects on the health of the displaced population in Iraq.
- Acute Jaundice Syndrome cases were detected in Baharka camp in 23 November 2014 WHO together with the DoH investigated the alert and confirmed the outbreak as hepatitis A disease among children. To date a total of 13 cases have been reported in the camp. Water samples tested showed adequate chlorination levels at the household levels. However, hygiene and sanitation conditions are believed to have contributed to the spread of the disease. Water, Hygiene and Sanitation clustertogether with health cluster partners are conducting hygiene promotion and health education campaigns in camps.

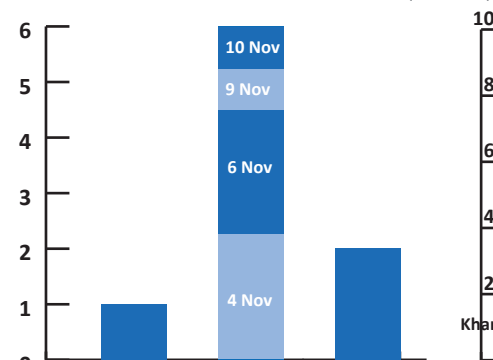


Disclaimer:
-The results shown in this EWARN snapshot are incomplete as the EWARN system is still a the rollout phase.
-The results shown here are from 15 reporting sites (7 IDP camps and 8 Refugee camps)
-The consultation data presented here is collected and reported from the EWARN system

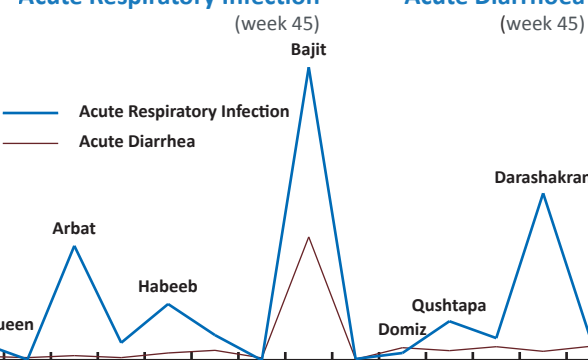
11,442 Total Reported Cases (week 45)

Diseases	Khanaqen	Gramava	Arbat	Qoaya	Habeeb	Shaqlawa	Baharka	Bajit	Gawilan	Domiz	Qushtapa	Basirma	Darashakran	Kowergosek	Total
AJS	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	9
ARI	53	2	346	53	170	76	0	886	4	22	118	67	505	70	2372
AD	12	8	14	8	22	30	7	373	3	38	29	41	27	42	654
Bloody Diarrhea	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	5
Skin Disease	6	0	56	0	0	0	0	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	132
Other Disease	58	954	353	293	336	364	660	1005	703	1241	620	654	476	553	8270
# of Rep. Site	130	967	769	354	528	470	673	2334	710	1303	767	762	1010	665	11442

8 Cases of Acute Jaundice Syndrome (week 45)



2,372 Cases of Acute Respiratory Infection (week 45)



654 Cases of Acute Diarrhoea (week 45)